

INTIMATIONS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED

房藥大民巨屈

DISINFECTANTS.

WATSON'S

CARBO CAMPHYLENE

Is particularly useful for the toilet and for the disinfection of Bathrooms, Sicknessrooms, Bedrooms, Chambers, Commodes, etc., as in place of bad smells it leaves a refreshing odor.

AS A SAFEGUARD

A little sprinkled on the handkerchief or on cotton wool and kept in front of the nose and mouth in sickness and infected districts is strongly recommended.

FOR SICKROOMS AND BEDROOMS.

A teaspoonful in each basin distributed round the room or evaporated by the aid of a lamp.

FOR SPRINKLING OR SPEAY.

A Wine Glassful to a Pint of Water.

CARBOLIC POWDER.

For the purification of Houses, Cess-pools, Drains, Water-Closets, etc., and for the disinfection of Sicknessrooms.

CARBOLIC ACID.

For Disinfecting Purposes. Half an ounce (about one table-spoonful) of this Acid, when well mixed with one quart of water, forms a superior disinfectant and deodorizing fluid.

A Little of the Solution thus formed, when added to any vessel used in the sick-room, will prevent any unpleasant odors, and preserve the contents from water infection. It also purifies drains, water-closets, etc.

A teaspoonful of CARBOLIC ACID exposed on a plate or other vessel in a sick-room will purify the air and prevent contagion.

PERMANENT DISINFECTANT.

Similar to Carbolic Acid, but Cheaper. 50 cents a Quart Bottle. A nice clean Disinfectant for Dressing-rooms and Bath-rooms.

CHLORINATED LIME.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 7th June, 1904.

MARRIAGE.

On the 9th inst., at the German Consulate, by the Rev. Mr. Gottschalk, Gustav A. F. Schmeitzel, 1st son of Gustav, of Hamburg, to Maria Helena Hermann, youngest daughter of Theodor Moller, Kiel, Germany.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JUNE 11TH, 1904.

The reader of the report of the Chamber of Commerce meeting held on Saturday to elect a member of the Legislative Council may perhaps be at some loss as to the precise meaning to be attached to the remarks of Mr. THURBERG in proposing Mr. McCONACHIE, "that you will find him energetic in endeavouring to reform the constitution and other public matters of that kind as your late member, but I am looking after the interests of the Chamber."

This might be read almost as an expression of censure on the Hon. T. H. WHITEHEAD for his advocacy of public reform. As soon as the hon. gentleman leaves the Colony his place is filled by a successor one of whose recommendations is that he will not play the part of Bisha to Mr. WHITEHEAD's Elijah. Whether Mr. THURBERG intended this meaning to be attached to his words we do not know, nor whether that gentleman was in sympathy or not with Mr. WHITEHEAD in his reforming crusade, but we do not find his name in the list of the earlier signatures to the petition to the House of Commons. The complete list was never published, and it is possible Mr. THURBERG may have signed it subsequently, and that his remark on Saturday was merely an unfortunate expression not intended to bear the meaning we have suggested. It may, of course, be read in another sense, as an apology for Mr. McCONACHIE's want of aptitude or zeal as a political reformer, but asserting that he is nevertheless well qualified to look after the commercial interests of the Colony, which are supposed to be the special charge of the member for the Chamber. The ambiguity is somewhat embarrassing for the Chamber is supposed to possess more or less of a representative character, and when it sends a member to the Legislative Council there ought to be some indication of the line of policy he is expected to follow. Especially should this be the case at the present time, when there is a definite movement on foot to secure an enlargement of the political liberties of the Colony. Mr. McCONACHIE has been elected a member of the Legislative Council, and it is supposed to be a public representative, but the public has no means of knowing whether he is in favour of or opposed to the reforms advocated by the hon. member who is temporarily replacing him. As he is a very known friend who has consented to fill a vacancy that others declined, not the same importance attaches to his election as it would for a full term, but even in the case of a *locum tenens* the public have a right to know the political views of the gentleman elected.

The following returns of the average amount of Bank notes in circulation and of specie in reserve in Hongkong during the month ended May 31st, 1904, are published by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Banknotes in circulation, £1,000,000.

Specie in reserve, £1,000,000.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, one of the most

important of the Japanese steamship companies,

is to leave from the Kaito Maru, about to

make a trip for foreign passengers in the Island

Sea, for which purpose they are enlarging their

fleet. During the summer months the Company

will send from the Island Sea, for periods of from four or five

days to a week. The steamers will call at all

places of interest on the route, such as Kanton,

Amoy, and others, and will also be enabled to

obtain at each port of call the necessary

passage for passengers to visit places, and

others. Those who have made a visit to

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"right of judging whether the penalties are

"sufficient, and, if necessary, of demanding

"a fresh trial before a mixed tribunal,"

"the composition of which it will itself

"determine." In accordance with this

article a mandarin named Pina Yot was

placed upon his trial before a Siam Court.

The accused had been in charge of a Siam

post in territory claimed by the French, and

on the latter occupying the country a force

under Inspector Grosvenor was sent to

escort him and his men across the border.

When near the end of the journey

a conflict occurred in which Grosvenor and

a number of his party lost their lives. Ac-

cording to the French account it was a case

of deliberate treachery and murder, it being

alleged that Grosvenor was surprised and

shot while ill in bed and unable to move.

The case for the defence was that it was a

fair fight, arising out of a misunderstanding

provoked by Grosvenor himself, and, was

conducted honourably according to the rules

of war. The Siam Court found the defence

proved and acquitted Pina Yot. Thereupon

the French demanded a fresh trial before a

mixed tribunal. The magistrates nominated

by the French Government to act as members

of the court were—M. Mondor, President of the

Court of Appeal of Hanoi, who was to act as

President; M. CAMMARTIN, Councillor of the

Court of Appeal at Saigon, and M. FURST,

Procureur of the French Republic at Mythe,

both of whom were to act as judges, and M.

DURWELL, Procureur of the Republic at

Saigon, who was to appear for the prosecution.

The two Siam judges were Pina

MAHA AMATYA DHIBODI and KRAMH

SUBAKARI. The trial was expected to

commence at Bangkok on the 4th or 5th inst.,

and would presumably occupy several days.

On Saturday last, the 9th inst., the judge-

ment was ready for delivery, but, according

to our correspondent, the Siam Government

declined to produce the accused. They had,

no doubt, information that the judge-

ment was against him, and the probability is

the sentences would be a capital one.

Reading receipt of the detailed reports of

the trial is impossible to say whether it was

conducted with fairness or not, but in noting

the departure for Bangkok of the French

members of the Court the Tonkin papers re-

ferred to them as "the Judges who

"ought to condemn Pina Yot," and it

has been maintained by the French press

in general that the guilt of the accused was

admitted by the article of the Convention

above quoted and all that the Court had

to do was to award sentence. In the nego-

tiations of the Convention the Siam Government

deprived of the assistance of their foreign

adviser, and on their behalf it has been con-

tended that that was not the sense in which

they understood the article. If Pina Yot

is not guilty of murder and treachery, but is

merely the victim of an unfortunate mis-

understanding for which he was not

responsible, the Siam Government could not

with dignity surrender him for punish-

ment. The French, however, are evi-

dently determined that he shall be

punished. We can only hope that the un-

fortunate affair may in some way, possibly

by the mediation of other Powers, be ad-

justed without recourse to hostilities.

The M. M. steamer *Malbourne* left Shanghai

on Saturday at 4.30 p.m. for this port.

It is notified in the *Gazette* that the Po

Loong Kak Amendment Ordinance has not

been passed by the Council on the 17th inst.

The D. D. steamer *Agila*, from Hamburg,

left Shanghai for this port on Saturday,

and is expected to arrive on or about the 15th inst.

The Governor has been pleased to grant

the leave of absence to Mr. A. CHAPMAN,

of the Volunteer Corps, from the 17th inst.

Mr. J. T. TUBBER has been appointed Acting

Superintendent of the Botanical and Affor-

estation Department during the absence of Mr.

M. S. FORD.

M. S. FORD, the retiring French Minister

to Japan, was entertained to a farewell banquet

by leading residents of Tokyo and

Kobe on the 6th inst.

The P. M. steamer *China*, which left Hong

kong for San Francisco, Nagasaki, Kobe,

Yokohama and Yokohama, arrived at her

destination on the 6th inst.

It is notified in the *Gazette* that Mr. Le's

provisional appointment to the Sanitary Board

will continue after the 17th inst., the date on

which the appointments of the officials were

announced.

An enormous conflagration occurred at Yau

on the 29th ult. The total number of

houses destroyed was 1,202 and 43 others were

partly destroyed. Thirteen lives were lost and

hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of

property were destroyed.

An enquiry was held on Saturday into the

cause of the fire at the Police Work

Department. The medical evidence showed that

the fire was caused by the effects of a fracture

of the skull consequent on a fall. A verdict to

that effect was returned by the jury, and it

was reported that there were no suspicious

circumstances.

A recent examination in Barcelona pro-

duced some gains in the way of types. One

of the most famous of the modern type-

founders, who had been already dead for

many years, was found to have been the

inventor of the "Gothic" type, which is

now used in the printing of the Bible.

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Mr. J.

VESSELS EXPECTED

The P. M. steamer *City of Peking*, with the American mail, left San Francisco on the 11th inst.

THE FRENCH MAIL.
The steamer *Sydney*, with the French mail, left the 11th May, left Saigon on Sunday.

10th inst, at 5 a.m. and may be expected here on or about Wednesday. The ship is from Hongkong and will be 1000 letters ahead of the steamer on the 5th inst.

THE INDIAN MAIL.
The steamer *Indra*, from Calcutta, Singapore for this port on the afternoon of the 10th inst.

THE CANADIAN MAIL.
The C. P. steamer *Seymour* of the India Vancouver on the morning of the 5th inst. Hongkong via Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki Shanghai.

THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.
The steamer *Africa*, from Australia, left Darwin on the 5th inst, for this port via the Murchison.

THE MURCHISON MAIL.
The steamer *Tirrar* left Singapore on the 5th inst., and is due here on or about the 10th inst.

The steamer *Strathmore* left Singapore on the 7th inst, and may be expected here on or about the 10th inst.

The N. G. L. steamer *Bermuda* left Hongkong for this port on the 5th inst, and may be expected here on or about the 10th inst.

The *China Mail*, steamer *Koonan*, from Hongkong, will be 1000 letters ahead of the

Glengary and Liverpool, passed the Canal on 25th ult.

The Australian Lloyd's steamer *Melrose* left Singapore for this port on the morning of the 6th inst.

POST-OFFICE NOTICES.

PAK DELIVERIES close at Post Office 11.30 a.m. and 3 p.m. on Letter Boxes in Care by and 3.30 o'clock Trains. S. and Boxes of Pak will be cleared at 12.30 and 3.30 p.m.

The Postal Guide for 1894, revised to include Post in the Chinese and Dutch, is now out. It is the only authorised post Summary of Postal information published in Hongkong.

The authorised List of Mails issued in connection with this paper is the one published twice each day in our Extra, which is sent to a much larger number of persons than the

A MAIL WITH UPDATES

For Amoy and Tamsui.—Per *Hastings*, every day, this inst., at 2.30 p.m.

For Amoy.—Per *Changheong*, to-day, 11th inst., at 2.30 p.m.

For Yokohama and Hong.—Per *Trentham*, to-day, this inst., at 2.30 p.m.

For Singapore, Rangoon, and Calcutta.—Per *Chydra*, to-morrow, the 12th inst., at 11.30 a.m.

For Messrs. Amoy, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and San Francisco. For Oceanic, tomorrow, the 12th inst., at 5.00 p.m.

For Kobe. For *Heperia*, to-morrow, the 13th inst., at 5.00 p.m.

For Managata, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and Vancouver. For *Zampa*, to-morrow, the 13th inst., at 5.00 p.m.

On Wednesday, the 12th inst., at 5.00 p.m.

For Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, Yagu and Tacoma. For *Victoria*, on Tuesday, the 11th inst., at 11.30 a.m.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet *Osaka*, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 12th inst., at 5.00 p.m. for Amoy, Japan, Canton, the United States, Canada, Peru, &c., which will be acted as follows:—

4.45 p.m. Registry closes.

5.00 p.m. Post Office closes.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.

The French Contract Packet *Melbourne*, despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 12th inst., at 5.00 p.m., will be acted as follows:—

And places beyond, via *Marcellite*, to Straits Settlements, Batavia, Borneo, the Australian Colonies, Pondichry, Calcutta, Aden, Mauritius, Egypt, Malabar, &c.

The usual hours will be observed in the *Mail*, &c.

NOTICE OF CLOSING THE MAILS TO AND FROM HONG KONG.

When the *Peking* leave at 11.00 a.m. The following will be observed:—

For the Pacific for Europe, &c., by the French Packets when they leave at 11.00 a.m.

Money Order Office will be closed at 4 o'clock
by day before.

8.00.—Posting of Prices (Current and
other) caes.

(Prices Current and Circulars may be
delivered at 10 o'clock if they are the
country's—Registry, with the addresses all
10.00 a.m.—Registry caes.

10.30 a.m.—Posting of newspapers.

11.00 a.m.—Mail closes.

LAST LETTERS may be posted (up to
a.m.) at 10 cents late fee may be sent
with the same late fee.

MAILS BY THE CANADIAN
RAILWAY CO. CONTRACT P.
The British Contract Packet
CHANG will be despatched on WEDNESDAY
the 18th June, at 10 o'clock, for
Canada, United States of America
countries beyond, via Vancouver, by
the following hours will be
closing the Mails, as follows:
10.00 a.m. Registry closes.
11.30 a.m. Post Office closes, but corre-
spondence may be posted on board the P.
the Late Office of 10 cents extra
until time of departure.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH P.
The British Contract Packet, S.
will be despatched on THURSDAY, the
19th June, at 10 o'clock, for
the Mails for the United Kingdom,
and countries beyond, via Brindisi,
Straits Settlements, Netherlands Ind
Canton, Aden, Egypt, Malta and Gib
The usual hours will be obs
the mails, &c.

生 信

YEE SANG COAL MERCHANTS
have every kind of
LARGE STOCKS OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION OF COAL.
Address—**Quarry of the**
No. 65 PRATA.

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

FROM 1st JULY the Rates of the
the Hongkong Weekly Press will be

	Advance Price
Yearly	\$12.00
Half Yearly	7 00
Quarterly	4 00

Postage \$1 per Annum Add
Hongkong, 6th June, 1894.

NOW READY.

THE SING YEE
ANGLO-CHINESE CALENDAR

From 1st January 1894 to 31st
December 1894. 31st Year.

Dr. Wood
Fungus,
or China
& Co. 242

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THE
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OFFICE.

1119

Cycle to the 30th year of the 76th
Price, \$240.00. Bown, \$250.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1889.
Sold by all Booksellers.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1889.

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR
Neither the CAPTAIN of the A
Owens will be RESPONSIB
PORT-contrasted in the O
of the following Year's during
Honskens (Honskens)
EMILY, Brit. str. Bonville.
Hon & Co.
BENTLEY, Amr. bk. Sim
& Co.
MOBAY, Brit. str. Thomson-L
& Co.
SERRANO, Amr. bk. R. G.
Captain.
SHANFORD, Amr. bk. West.

